decentralized COO

Typically found in multifamily buildings, decentralized systems cool single rooms or apartments.

New York City buildings commonly use three types of decentralized units: window air conditioners, through-wall air conditioners, and packaged terminal air conditioners. All three tend to be inefficient cooling options.

Heat pumps offer a more efficient solution that also provides effective heating during the winter months.



Mini-split systems and other split heat pump systems consist of two compact, ductless components: an outdoor unit connected to an indoor unit via refrigerant lines. This refrigerant piping requires minimal exterior wall penetrations compared to through-wall or packaged terminal air conditioners (PTACs), reducing gaps in the envelope and minimizing heat loss or gain that can cause heating and cooling systems to work overtime.

Packaged Terminal 2 Air Conditioners (PTACs)

More common in New York City than in other parts of the country. PTACs consist of a single packaged unit installed in a metal sleeve, typically located beneath windows. Unless properly sealed, these systems allow for air infiltration as well as intrusion of outside pollutants and street noise. To improve efficiency and add heating capability, PTACs can be replaced with Packaged Terminal Heat Pumps (PTHPs) that fit into the existing metal sleeves.



Common in older multifamily buildings, window ACs are energy intensive and often improperly sealed, leaving gaps in the building envelope that increase heating and cooling loads and allow air and noise pollution to intrude into occupant spaces.

