tech primer

Packaged Terminal Heat Pumps (PTHPs) Decentralized electric heating and cooling for multifamily buildings.



applicable building types all multifamily, hotels implementation at equipment replacement, at tenant turnover fast facts

- reduces GHG emissions
- improves comfort
- provides individual temperature control
- reduces maintenance costs
- provides both heating and cooling





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getting to know PTHPs

Packaged Terminal Heat Pumps (PTHPs) are a compact and efficient heating and cooling technology that saves energy and reduces greenhouse gas emissions. PTHPs offer multifamily buildings a path to electrification.¹

how do PTHPs work?

Packaged Terminal Heat Pumps (PTHPs) are a decentralized air-source heat pump (ASHP) technology that can be used to heat and cool spaces. ASHPs are high-efficiency electric appliances that add or remove heat from an indoor space as needed. Because they transfer heat rather than generate it, ASHPs are extremely efficient. See our *Mini-Split Tech Primer* and *Variable Refrigerant Flow Tech Primer* to learn more about other ASHP options.

PTHPs are single packaged units installed in metal sleeves typically located below windows in living spaces and bedrooms. During the summer, the unit operates as an air conditioner, cooling the indoor air by transferring heat to the outdoors. During winter, the system reverses and cools the outdoor air to warm the indoor air, even at low outdoor air temperatures. Occupants can adjust room temperature to their personal comfort levels using thermostatic controls.

PTHPs heat and cool spaces using refrigerant, and incorporate a back-up heating mode, typically electric resistance heat, for the lowest winter temperatures. PTHPs are packaged systems, which reduces the risk of refrigerant leaks with high global warming potential, as compared to Mini-Split and VRF systems, which often feature longer refrigerant runs.

PTHPs are excellent replacements to throughwall sleeve ACs and Packaged Terminal Air Conditioners (PTACs) because they can be inserted into the existing metal sleeve with minimal adjustment. PTHPs offer a higher energy savings potential than through-wall sleeve ACs, which do not provide heat, and PTACs, which provide heat through hot water or steam coils that are fed by a central boiler plant (see our *Air Sealing at Room Air Conditioners Tech Primer* for more information on these ACs and relevant strategies for insulating around through-wall systems).

PTHPs are an emerging technology with a relatively low installation cost, however they require careful installation and proper controls to both provide effective winter heating and achieve maximum energy savings. PTHPs are suitable for many building types. This tech primer focuses on PTHP applications for large hospitality and multifamily buildings.

Assess

Always consult a qualified service provider before undertaking any building upgrades.

¹Electrification is a strategy to transition from powering building systems with fossil-fuels to electricity. Electrification is an important step towards a low-carbon future for NYC.

Coordinate Upgrades for Maximum Savings

Installing PTHPs in conjunction with building envelope improvements (insulation, air-sealing, etc.) or other high-performance measures will reduce a building's heat loss and infiltration.

With an improved building envelope, it may be possible to install lower capacity equipment, thereby reducing capital costs.

Plan Ahead for Success

Consider implementing a PTHP system when your existing heating and cooling systems have reached the end of their useful lives, or when windows or facade improvements are scheduled.

Installing PTHP systems during other building improvements can save cost and reduce disruption to residents.

how to upgrade to PTHPs

The best time to implement a PTHP upgrade is during a window and facade renovation, or at the time of heating and cooling equipment replacement.

retrofit solutions

There are multiple steps to retrofitting a building with PTHPs:

A Install PTHPs- Wall openings and metal sleeves must be correctly sized to meet manufacturers' requirements and properly air sealed to minimize air leaks.

- Create new wall openings for each PTHP or adjust existing wall openings from PTACs or through-wall ACs.
- Seal all gaps between the wall opening and sleeve, and between the sleeve and PTHP unit.
- For buildings that use PTACs for cooling and a central boiler plant for heating, replace PTACs during normal maintenance and slowly decomission the central heating system.
- Apartments with steam and hydronic heat have terminal units located under windows so that heat is applied to the coldest part of the room. PTHPs follow the same logic and can replace terminal units in the same location.
- If not already provided, upgrade electricity service to 208/230V.

B Control Condensate – In cooling mode, condensate must be removed from the PTHP as the room is dehumidified. In heating mode, condensate is formed at the outdoor fan coil during defrost cycles and must be properly drained.

- Common condensate control methods include misting condensate into the fan on the outside of the unit, or adding interior plumbing lines to drain condensate.
- **C** Install Remote Room Temperature Sensors– By default, PTHPs are controlled using temperature sensors located inside the PTHP box, which typically do not provide an accurate room temperature reading.
- Install a wall-mounted remote sensor that provides room temperature feedback to accurately control each unit's heating and cooling output.
- Without accurate room temperature feedback, the PTHP will go into back-up mode (typically electric resistance heat) in order to heat the space, unnecessarily increasing energy use.



Outdoor view of a PTHP



Indoor view of a PTHP

costs & benefits of PTHPs*

Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Savings

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Converting a multifamily building to PTHPs can greatly reduce heating and cooling related GHG emissions, depending on the current heating and cooling system.

Tenant Experience Improvements

Tenant experience will remain largely unchanged, however proper installation of PTHPs will improve the air tightness of the building envelope, which reduces drafts and improves comfort.

Utility Savings



Although PTHPs consume significantly less energy than systems that use natural gas, fuel oil, or district steam, utility costs for operating PTHPs can be high due to the current cost of electricity. Future changes in utility costs should be considered when evaluating project feasibility.

Capital Costs



The capital costs for conversion to PTHPs are moderate for buildings with existing PTACs. The project cost could be impacted if the building's electrical service needs upgrading, or if a new domestic hot water system needs to be installed with the decomissioning of a central heating plant.

Maintenance Requirements

A properly installed PTHP system requires a moderate level of maintenance. Air filters need to be periodically cleaned or replaced. The entire PTHP can be removed in one piece and brought to a workshop for periodic service or as needed. **Take Action**

This document is one of more than a dozen High Performance Technology Primers prepared by Building Energy Exchange and the NYC Accelerator to introduce decision-makers to solutions that can help them save energy and improve comfort in their buildings. Access the complete library of Tech Primers here:

be-exchange.org/tech-primers

NYC Accelerator is a City program that helps New Yorkers implement building energy and water efficiency upgrades to reduce carbon emissions. The NYC Accelerator provides free, individualized support for building decisionmakers to cut operating costs, meet local law compliance, access financing and boost building performance. NYC Accelerator is here to help you navigate the complexities related to local energy laws so your buildings, and our city, are more livable for all.

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The Building Energy Exchange (BE-Ex) is a center of excellence dedicated to reducing the effects of climate change by improving the built environment. BE-Ex accelerates the transition to healthy, comfortable, and energy efficient buildings by serving as a resource and trusted expert to the building industry.

Call (212) 349-3900 Visit be-exchange.org Email info@be-exchange.org

This report is financed in part through the NYSERDA Cleaner, Greener Communities Program.