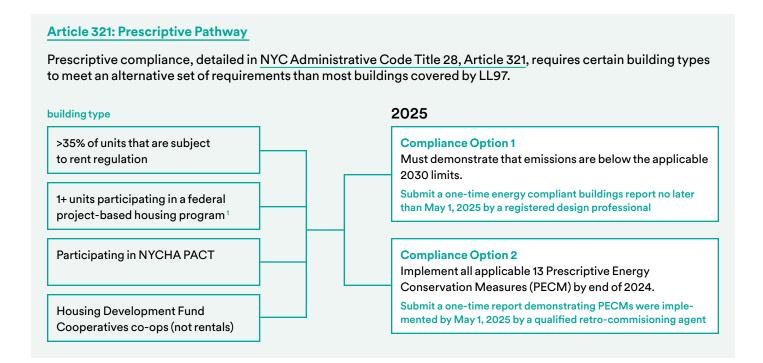


Article 320: The 2026 and 2035 Pathways

## Local Law 97 and Affordable Housing

### **Compliance Pathways 101**

Local Law 97 of 2019 (LL97) places annual limits on carbon emissions for New York's large buildings starting in 2024. The law generally covers buildings that exceed 25,000 gross square feet, two or more buildings on the same tax lot that together exceed 50,000 square feet, and two or more buildings owned by a condo association that are governed by the same board of managers and that together exceed 50,000 square feet.



### Delayed compliance is afforded to certain buildings per NYC Administrative Code Title 28, Article 320, in which compliance with LL97 is delayed under two possible timelines. 2026 building type 1+ and ≤35% of units that are subject Delay compliance until 2026, then must meet all to rent regulation subsequent emissions limits Submit initial building emissions report by May 1, 2027 Mitchell-Lama buildings with no 2035 units that participate in a federal project-based housing program Delay compliance until 2035, then must meet all subsequent emissions limits Submit initial building emissions report by May 1, 2036 No rent regulated units and 1+ units that are income restricted 2 Footnotes see reverse side -



# Local Law 97 and Affordable Housing

### **Compliance Pathways 101**

#### PECMs = Prescriptive Energy Conservation Measures

Buildings that are unable to meet their 2030 emissions limits will need to have their building systems upgraded, such as heating, lighting, and envelope. This suite of energy conservation measures can be executed between major renovation cycles. Important factors to consider when determining whether to follow this compliance option are the age of your building equipment and systems, the date of the last major renovation, date(s) of future renovations, and the current emissions levels. The 13 PECMs that are all required to implement by December 31, 2024 are below, categorized by building system:

	Heating & Hot Water
1	Insulating all pipes for heating and/or hot water
	Adjusting temperature set points for heat and hot water to reflect appropriate space occupancy and facility requirements
IIII	Heating
	Repairing all heating system leaks
	Maintaining the heating system, including but not limited to ensuring that the system component parts are clean and in good operating condition
	Installing indoor and outdoor heating system sensors and boiler controls to allow for proper set-points
	Insulating steam system condensate tank or water tank
	Replacing or repairing all steam traps such that all are in working order
	Installing or upgrading steam system master venting at the ends of mains, large horizontal pipes, and tops of risers, vertical pipes branching off a main
	Installing radiant barriers behind all radiators
	Installing individual temperature controls or insulated radiator enclosures with temperature controls on all radiators
٥	Lighting
	Upgrade lighting to comply with New York City Energy Conservation Code at time of installation
<b>n</b>	Envelope
	Weatherizing and air sealing, where appropriate, including windows and ductwork, with focus on whole-building insulation
555	Ventilation
	Installing timers on exhaust fans

- 1. Buildings that have HUD project-based assistance (e.g. Section 8, 202, 811, CoC, etc., including buildings on NYCHA land that participate in the PACT/RAD program. The Permanent Affordability Commitment Together program provides selected developments with comprehensive renovations, enhanced property management, expanded on-site social services, and inclusion in the federal Rental Assistance Demonstration, which allows NYCHA to access federal funding to complete comprehensive repairs and maintain affordability.
- 2. Through certain loan, grant, real property tax exemption/abatement (e.g. 420-c, Article XI, or UDAAP exemptions) or property disposition programs. Units with income restriction through the Zoning Resolution are not considered "income restricted" in this case.